Marsh Green Primary School

PHYSICAL EDUCATION CURRICULUM



	Long Term Overview							
			Early Years					
	Autu	<u>ımn</u>	Spri	ng	Summer			
Reception	Fundamenta	movements	Dance Athletics (Sports day event)		Gym	Games		
	Balls	skills	SAQ Games		Athletics	Throwing and Catching		
			<u>Key Stage One</u>					
	Autu	imn_	<u>Sprin</u>	ng	Sur	nmer		
1	Fundamental Movements Dance			ce	Bat Fundamentals			
	Gy	m	Throwing an	d Catching	Athletics			
	Large Balls/Sen	d and Receive	Dodgeball/Thro	ow and catch	Auneucs			
2	Dodgeb	all	Dance	Targets				
	Gym		Fitness	Fundamentals T&C	Small Bat TW Bat and Ball Skills			
	Football/ Sen	d and Receive			Athletics			
			<u>Key Stage Two</u>					
	Autu	Spring		Summer				
3	Dodgeball	Gym	Dance	Netball	Tennis			
	Handball	Basketball	Dodgeball	Rugby	OAA			
					Athletic	cs/Cricket		

4	Dodgeball	Gym	Dance	Tennis	OAA
	Handball	Basketball	Netball	Athletics	Cricket
			Dodgeball/Rugby		
5	Basketball	Handball	Dance		
	Cricket	Football	Gymnastics	Athletics	Rounders
			Rugby/Dodgeball	Tennis	OAA
6	Basketball	Handball	Dance Gymnastics	Rounders	Tennis
	Cricket	Football	Rugby/Badminton	Athletics	OAA

Medium term plans available here: <u>www.pehouse.co.uk</u> User name is: marshgreen Password: superstory81

	<u>Physical Education Overview – 2023/24</u>						
	Key Stage 1	Lower Key Stage 2	Upper Key Stage 2				
Football	 Instep – Inside of foot – Key for passing Pass – Asking a player for a pass Laces – Key when shooting & dribbling Dribble – To run with the ball Shoot – Telling a teammate when to shoot Handball – A foul committed by using hands Foul – An illegal action such as pushing or tripping Tackle – To challenge for the ball Goal – When the ball is kicked into the goal 	 All in key stage one should be acquired and recapped Pass to feet – Asking for a pass to feet Player on – Telling a teammate when they are under pressure. Time – Making a player aware when they have time on the ball. Defending – To prevent the other team from scoring Attacking – To try and invade and score. Possession – To try and keep the ball. General rules such as Goal kick, Centre kick, throw in, Fouls etc 	 All should be recapped from LKS2 and reinstalled Retention – To retain the ball. Press – To apply pressure to the opponent Competitive – To be as good or better than opponent and compete. Positions – GK, Defender, midfielder attackers and the roles involved within these. Tactics – A planned strategy. Offside law. Fair play . 				
Basketball	 Pass – Asking a player for a pass Foul – An illegal action such as pushing Dribble – To bounce and move with the ball Basket – When the ball is thrown into the basket/hoop Shoot - 	 Double dribble – Two hands when dribbling Block – To stop movement of opponent or stop a pass or shot Travelling – Moves both feet with bouncing the ball Personal foul – When a player challenges another player unfairly. Technical foul – A player or coach who argues with a referee. Chest, bounce and shoulder passes Three throw – shooting from outside the D 	 Tip off – The start of a game in basketball Jump shot – Jump to make a shot at the basket Lay up shot – Shooting of the back board Positions on the court – Small forward, Quarters – Played over four quarters. Assist – To pass to a team mate who scores. Backboard – The board behind the basket Guarding – Player on player tactic to stop them shooting or dribbling. Possession – To be in control of the ball Rebound – Getting the ball of the backboard after a failed shot. Violation – When a player breaks the rules 				
Dodge ball	 Catch – catching the ball Throw – to throw the ball Out – If a ball hits you without bouncing anywhere between the shoulder and toes. Face/head shot – When a player is hit in the head, this doesn't count Rush – To run to the centre to collect a ball at the side of the game Dodge – To move out of the way of the ball 	 Centre line – The marking the separate the court and teams Ball block – Using a ball to block a ball thrown at you. Eliminating – To get the other players out. Out of bounds – A ball that leaves the court Back line – The furthest line back for your team Off sides – If a player places feet inside centre line they are deemed out Throwing technique – Aim low with throws 	 Tactics - Planning a strategy Team work - To support each other Catching rule - Player who throw the balls out and the catcher can bring back in a teammate Communication - To use verbal commands/speak 				
Rugby (Tag)	 Pass – To make a pass to a teammate Ball Running with the ball Foul – Tag rugby is none contact e.g. no pushing Try – When the ball is grounded over the try line Tag – When a player is tagged Pitch – The area a game is played in 	 Forward pass – Illegal pass thrown to a position in front of the player Tackle – When a tag is taken from an opponent Touchline – One of two lines that form the area down the sides of the pitch Tap/play the ball 	 Tap/Play the ball – To restart the game after being tagged Dummy – To throw a fake pass Attacking Defending Tactics 				
Athletics	 Jumping – Long jump Jogging & sprinting (Difference) Throwing Warm up – Why? What is a warm up? 	 Co-ordination Strength Individual & team (Difference) Agility Long distance/endurance Balance Communication Speed 	 Dynamic/static stretching Relay Acceleration Endurance Main muscle groups in the body Triple jump 				

Gymnastics	 Shape Control Balance Travelling Jumping 	 Fluid Rolling Turning Agility Co-Ordination Spatial awareness 	 Body management Vault Leverage Rotation
Striking & fielding	 Throw - Underarm Catch Bat Ball – Tennis or soft cricket ball Strike 	 Barrier – Long & short Wicket kwik cricket Runs Bowling Overarm Positions – Wicket keeper, fielder, bowler, batter Rules 	 Objective Shot selection Rounders – Rules Base Rules Advance Runs Tactics
Dance	 Control Sequence Repeat Remember Movements Mood/Feeling Perform. Ideas Music 	 Creative and imaginative Expressively Emotion Communicate Refine Clear and fluent. Compose 	 Themes/genres Fluently and effectively. Structure & Phases Artistic Develop Acquire
Swimming			
OAA			 Orientate Adapt Actions Situations Plan Challenge Communicate Unfamiliar Environments

Handball	 Dribble Pass Catch Shoot Space 	 Overarm pass Acceleration Communicate Movement Non-contact Attack Defend Team work 	 Pressure Disguise Create Rebound Attack Demonstrate Support Contain Positions Tactics
Net and Wall	 Racket Ball Strings Grip Court Understand Perform 	 Stance Serve Understand Weight Select Strike Court Shot types – backhand & forehand Foot work Co-Ordination Agility Movement Balls of the feet Progress 	 Manipulate Racket face Lines – Lines on the court Awareness Position Guidance Rally Communication (2 v 2) Position (on the court)
saq Unit	 Speed Agility On your toes Forwards, backwards, Lateral – Sideways. Y2 Diagonal Equipment terminology Travel Move Arms 	 Understand Agility Balls of the feet Lip to hip (arm technique) 	 Acceleration Change of direction Awareness Body position
Fundamentals unit KS1	 Balance Space Throw (Including terms used, under arm, over arm) Catch (Two hands Y1, with one hand Y2) Equipment terminology Ways to travel, hopping, skipping, side steps, jogging Teamwork Dribble Shoot 		

Marsh Green Primary School - Physical Education – Progression in Knowledge, skills and understanding

The table below outlines the most relevant statements taken from the Early Learning Goals in the EYFS statutory framework to match the programme of study for PE.

EYFS focus areas

Personal, social, and emotional development	Physical development
Managing self	Gross motor skills
Building relationships	Expressive Arts and Design
Being imaginative and expressive	

Be confident to try new activities and experiences and show independence.				
Show resilience and perseverance when meeting a new challenge.				
Develop the understanding of rules, know right from wrong, and try to behave accordingly.				
Manage basic hygiene, including dressing.				
Work and play cooperatively and take turns				
Negotiate space and obstacles safely with consideration for themselves and others.				
Be able to experience using lots of different equipment in their lessons.				
Demonstrate strength, balance and coordination when playing.				
Move in lots of different ways ie, running, jumping, dancing, hoping, skipping, and climbing				
Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with other children and try to move in time when needed.				

Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6			
Acquiring and developing skills.								
Pupils copy, repeat and explore simple skills and actions with basic control and co-ordination.	Pupils explore simple skills. They copy, remember, repeat and explore simple action with control and co- ordination.	Pupils select and use skills, action and ideas appropriately, applying them with co-ordination and control.	Pupils link skills, techniques and ideas and apply them appropriately. Their performance shows control and fluency.	Pupils link skills, techniques and ideas and apply them accurately and appropriately. Their performance shows precision, control and fluency.	Pupils select and combine their skills, techniques and ideas and apply them accurately and appropriately, consistently showing precision, control and fluency.			
Selecting and applying skills, ta	actics and compositional ideas.							
They start to link these skills and actions in ways that suit the activities.	They vary skills, actions and ideas and make link with different activities. They begin to show some understanding of simple tactics and basic compositional ideas.	They understand tactics, composition and can implement their knowledge to different sports.	Their performance shows that they understand tactics and composition for a variety of sports. They vary their responses appropriately.	Their performance shows that they understand tactics and composition.	When performing, they draw on what they know about strategy, tactics and composition.			
Evaluating and improving performance.								
They start to evaluate their own performance by saying what went well and what needs improving.	They start to see the differences between their own and others' performance and suggest improvements.	They can see how their work is similar and different from others' work and use this	They compare and comment on skills, techniques and can evaluate their own and other	They compare and comment on skills, techniques and ideas used in their own and others'	They analyse and comment on skills and techniques and how these are applied in their work and others' work.			

		understanding to improve their own performance.	performances and start to make improvements.	work. They use their understanding to improve their performance, advising others using appropriate terminology.	They modify and refine skills and techniques to improve their performance.
Knowledge and understanding	of fitness and health.				
They start to understand why they exercise and the effects it has on their body.	They can understand how to exercise safely and describe the effects it has on their bodies during different activities.	They can give reasons why warming up before and activity is important, and the effects physical activity has on their health.	They can give reasons why warming up before and activity is important. They can explain the effects exercise has on their bodies and why it is valuable to their health.	They can explain and apply basic safety principles in preparing for exercise. They describe what effects exercise has on their bodies, and how if done regularly it is valuable to their fitness and health.	They can explain how the body reacts during different types of exercise, and warm up and cool down in ways that suit the activity. They explain why regular, safe exercise is good for their fitness and health.